## **Geometry Reflective Portfolio**

## Unit #2: Transformations

Section #1: Vocabulary (words and/or labeled diagrams)

Transformation	Rigid Motions	Line symmetry
Point symmetry	Reflection	Rotation
Translation	Image	Pre-image
Orientation	Isometry <ul> <li>Direct</li> <li>Opposite</li> </ul>	
Composition	Invariant	Vector(translation vector)

#### Section #2: Formulas/Equations/Theorems

### • Re-write the <u>transformation rule sheet</u> I gave you in class.

Transformation	Isometry
Line Reflections	opposite
Reflection in the <b>x-axis:</b>	
Reflection in the <b>y-axis:</b>	
Reflection in $y = x$ :	
Reflection in $y = -x$ :	
Rotations	direct
Rotation of 90°: Positive angles go counterclockwise	
Rotation of <b>180º:</b> (same as reflection in the origin)	
Rotation of 270°:	
Translations	direct
T(a,b) =	



 Write the composition that does a reflection over the y-axis first then a rotation of <u>90°</u> using both types of notation.

circle: \_\_\_\_\_\_ (A) Function: uses parenthesis:(\_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_))(A)

- Write out the theorem for reflection over a pair of parallel lines.
- Write out the theorem for reflection over a pair of intersecting lines.

# Section #3: Key methods and concepts (write out the process and/or a solved example)

- Show <u>all the lines of symmetry</u> for each or write none. Isosceles Trapezoid Ellipse Parallelogram Compare and Contrast the point symmetry for each: Name the order and rotational symmetry for each: • b) d) a) c) • order order order order\_ degrees: degrees: degrees: degrees:
  - Explain <u>positive</u> degrees of rotation and <u>negative</u> degrees of rotation. ( ex. R<sub>90</sub>° vs. R -<sub>90</sub>°)
- The line of reflection is the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the segment connecting the corresponding points between pre-image and image.
- <u>CONSTRUCT</u> (using compass and straightedge) the line of reflection between the 2 given triangles.